

1.
 - a. No, the suit of a card is categorical.
 - b. Yes, the number of tickets sold is quantitative and discrete (countable).
 - c. Yes, the amount of money won is quantitative and discrete (countable).
 - d. No, whether or not a flight is on time is categorical.

2.
 - a. The distribution is skewed right with a single peak at 0 watches.
 - b. $P(X \leq 2) = 0.9$
 - c. $P(X = 1) = 0.3$. There is a 30% chance that a randomly selected student owns exactly one watch.

3. No. Although all probabilities are values between 0 and 1, the sum of the probabilities does not equal 1.

4.
 - a. $P(C) = 0.10$
 - b. The mean of C is 2.8. If many, many hours are randomly selected, the average number of commercials played per hour will be about 2.8.
 - c. The standard deviation of C is 1.36. If many, many hours are randomly selected, the number of commercials played per hour will typically vary by about 1.36 commercials from the mean of 2.8 commercials.

5.
 - a.

Money won	\$50	\$30	\$20	\$0
Probability	$\frac{1}{100}$	$\frac{1}{100}$	$\frac{1}{100}$	$\frac{97}{100}$
 - b. Each winning amount does not have the same probability. Out of the 100 possible slips of paper, one slip is \$50, one slip is \$30, one slip is \$20, and the other 97 slips are \$0. There should be 97 zeros in the calculation of the average: $\frac{50 + 30 + 20 + 97(0)}{100}$.
 - c. \$1

6. Since this is a uniform distribution, each value is equally weighted in the expected value calculation. The mean of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 also equally weights each of the values in the calculation.

7. D

8. D